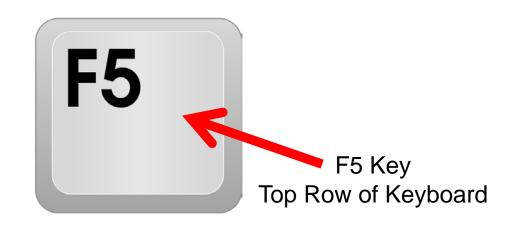
Welcome!

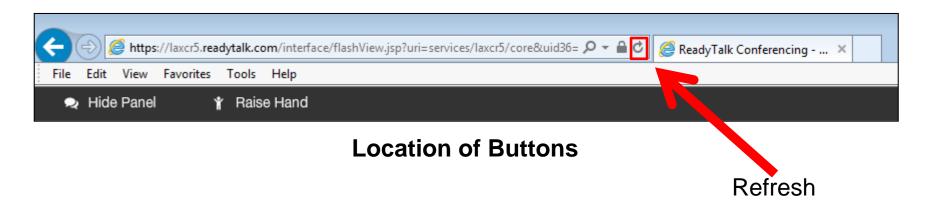
- Audio for this event is available via ReadyTalk[®] Internet Streaming.
- No telephone line is required.
- Computer speakers or headphones are necessary to listen to streaming audio.
- Limited dial-in lines are available.
 Please send a chat message if needed.
- This event is being recorded.



Troubleshooting Audio

Audio from computer speakers breaking up? Audio suddenly stop? Click Refresh icon – or – Click F5

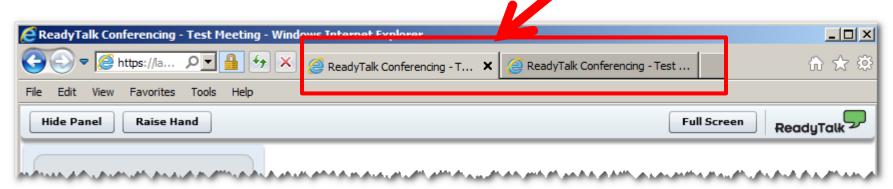




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Troubleshooting Echo

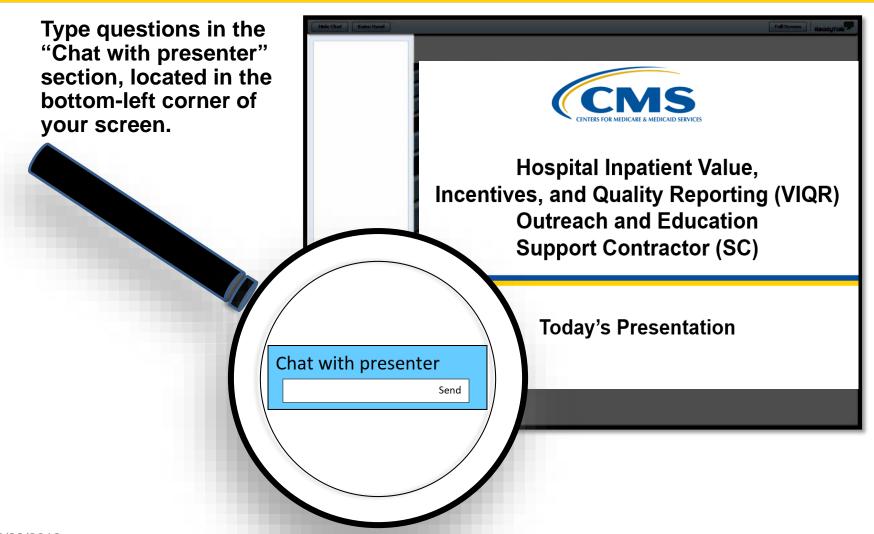
- Hear a bad echo on the call?
- Echo is caused by multiple browsers/tabs open to a single event (multiple audio feeds).
- Close all but one browser/tab and the echo will clear up.



Example of Two Browsers Tabs open in Same Event

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Submitting Questions



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PCHQR Program: Updates to PCHQR Program Manual, Measure Information Forms, and Algorithms

Lisa Vinson, BS, BSN, RN

Program Lead, PPS-Exempt Cancer Hospital Quality Reporting (PCHQR) Program, Hospital Inpatient Value, Incentives, and Quality Reporting (VIQR) Outreach and Education Support Contractor (SC)

June 28, 2018

Acronyms and Abbreviations

ADT	androgen deprivation therapy	IMRT	intensity modulated radiation therapy
AIR	American Institutes for Research	IQR	Inpatient Quality Reporting
AMA	American Medical Association	MAP	Measure Applications Partnership
ASCO	American Society of Clinical Oncology	MIF	Measure Information Form
ASTRO	American Society for Radiation Oncology	MU	meaningful use
AUAER	American Urological Association Education	NCCN	National Comprehensive Cancer Network
	and Research, Inc.	NQF	National Quality Forum
BPI	Brief Pain Inventory	OCM	Oncology Care Measure
CDC	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	OQR	Outpatient Quality Reporting
CE	continuing education	PCH	PPS-Exempt Cancer Hospital
CMS	Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services	PCHQR	PPS-Exempt Cancer Hospital
CPT ®	Current Procedural Terminology®		Quality Reporting
CQM	clinical quality measure	PCPI	Physician Consortium for Performance
CST	Cancer-Specific Treatment		Improvement
DACA	Data Accuracy and Completeness	POS	place of service
	Acknowledgement	PQRS	Physician Quality Reporting System
EBRT	external beam radiotherapy	PSA	prostate-specific antigen
ED	emergency department	Q	quarter
FY	Fiscal Year	QPP	Quality Payment Program
HAI	Healthcare-associated infection	SBRT	Stereotactic Body Radiation Therapy
HCAHPS®	Hospital Consumer Assessment of	SC	support contractor
	Healthcare Providers and Systems®	SRS	Stereotactic Radiosurgery
ICD	International Classification of Diseases	VIQR	Value, Incentives, and Quality Reporting

Purpose

This presentation will provide PCHQR Program participants with a high-level review of the updates to the 2018 PCHQR Program Manual, as well as the measure information forms (MIFs), and algorithms for the Oncology Care Measures (OCMs) and Clinical Effectiveness measure.

Objectives

Upon completion of this presentation, participants will be able to:

- Describe and locate the sections of the PCHQR Program Manual updated for 2018.
- Apply updated MIFs to accurately abstract the OCMs and Clinical Effectiveness measure for the new measure specifications.
- Utilize the updated algorithms to visualize the data abstraction process for these measures.

PCHQR Program: Updates to PCHQR Program Manual, Measure Information Forms, and Algorithms

2018 PCHQR Program Manual

2018 PCHQR Program Manual Updates

Section 1: PCHQR Program Overview

Section 2: Measures

 Updates to OCMs and external beam radiotherapy (EBRT) measure

Section 3: Data Reporting

Section 4: QualityNet Registration Process

Section 5: Vendor Authorization

2018 PCHQR Program Manual Updates (continued)

Section 6: Notice of Participation

Section 7: Data Accuracy and Completeness

Acknowledgement (DACA)

Electronic submission process for Fiscal Year (FY) 2019

Section 8: Accessing Reviewing Reports

Section 9: Public Reporting

Extend and update schedule

Section 10: Resources

- Appendices
 - Program measure submission deadlines
 - Relationship matrix

PCHQR Program: Updates to PCHQR Program
Manual, Measure Information Forms, and Algorithms

Oncology Care Measures and Clinical Effectiveness Measure

Structure of OCM and EBRT Tools

The following four items are associated with each of the six metrics for 2017 and 2018.

- Measure Information Form (MIF)
- Clean algorithm
- Population and sampling algorithm
- Data abstraction paper tool

Measure Information Form (MIF)

- MIFs are derived from the National Quality
 Foundation (NQF), Physician Quality Reporting
 System/Quality Payment Program (PQRS/QPP),
 CMS, and measure stewards.
- MIFs contain:
 - Introductory information
 - Denominator and numerator definitions (International Classification of Disease-10th Revision [ICD-10-CM] codes, Current Procedural Terminology[®] [CPT[®]] codes, and clinical abstraction parameters)
 - o Rationale
 - Clinical recommendation statements

2018 OCM and EBRT Updates Universal Applications

- Use the patient visit or treatment date to identify the event time period for these measures:
 - NQF #0383 and #0384
 - The pain measures (NQF #0383 and #0384) may have multiple encounters reported within a quarter.
 - o NQF #0382, #0389, #0390 and PCH-25
 - The other measures (NQF #0382, #0389, #0390 and PCH-25) should only be reported once per quarter. If a course of treatment spans more than one quarter, attribute it to the date of the first encounter.
- Apply the MIFs and algorithms:
 - o 2017 and 2018 are currently on QualityNet.

NQF #0382 and NQF #0383

- NQF #0382
 - MIF and algorithms no updates
- NQF #0383
 - o MIF
 - Denominator updated
 - Added ICD-10-CM codes
 - » C49.0, 49.A1, 49.A2, 49.A3, 49.A4, 49.A5, 49.A9; C96.0, 96.20, 96. 21, 96.22, 96.29; D47.Z2, 49.511, 49.512, 49.519, 49.59
 - Removed ICD-10-CM codes C96.2, D47.0
 - Removed CPT code 77470
 - Added Telehealth Modifiers 95, place of service (POS) 02
 - o Algorithms
 - No updates

NQF #0383 MIF - Overview

Measure Name: Oncology: Medical and Radiation – Plan of Care for Pain

(paired with NQF #0384)

Measure ID#: NQF #0383, PCH-15

NQF Portfolios:

 2012 Measure Applications Partnership (MAP) Hospice and Palliative Care Family of Measures

- American Institutes for Research (AIR) Patient and Family Engagement Measures
- Oncology Metrics

National Quality Strategy Priority: Effective Communication and

Care Coordination

Type of Measure: Process

Improvement Noted As: Higher score indicates better quality

Measure Steward: American Society of Clinical Oncology (ASCO)

NQF #0383 MIF – Denominator

Denominator:

All outpatient visits, regardless of patient age, with a diagnosis of cancer currently receiving chemotherapy or radiation therapy who report having pain and the intensity is quantified using a standardized instrument.

Denominator Criteria (Eligible Cases): All eligible instances when pain is present and pain severity is quantified; submitted in the numerator for NQF #0384

<u>AND</u>

Diagnosis for cancer (ICD-10-CM): C00.0, C00.1, C00.2, C00.3, C00.4, C00.5, C00.6, C00.8, C00.9, C01, C02.0, C02.1, C02.2, C02.3, C02.4, C02.8, C02.9, C03.0, C03.1, C03.9,

AND

Patient encounter (for radiation therapy) during the reporting period, CPT: 77427, 77431, 77432, 77435

<u>OR</u>

Patient encounter (office visit) during the reporting period (CPT):

99201, 99202, 99203, 99204, 99205, 99212, 99213, 99214, 99215

WITHOUT

Telehealth Modifier: GQ, GT, 95, POS 02

AND

Patient encounter (administered chemotherapy within 30 days prior to the encounter [office visit] and also been administered chemotherapy within 30 days after the date of the encounter [office visit]) (CPT): 51720, 96401, 96402, 96405, 96406, 96409, 96411, 96413, 96415, 96416, 96417, 96420, 96422, 96423, 96425, 96440, 96446, 96450, 96521, 96522, 96523, 96542, 96549

NQF #0384

MIF

- Denominator updated
 - Added ICD-10-CM codes
 - C49.A0, 49.A1, 49.A2, 49.A3, 49.A4, 49.A5, 49.A9;C96.0, 96.20, 96. 21, 96.22, 96.29; D47.Z2,49.511.49.512, 49.519, 49.59
 - Removed ICD-10-CM codes C96.2, D47.0
 - Removed CPT code 77470
 - Added Telehealth Modifiers 95, POS 02
- Numerator updated
- Rationale updated
- Clinical recommendation statements updated
- Algorithms

NQF #0384 MIF - Overview

Measure Name: Oncology: Medical and Radiation - Pain Intensity Quantified

Measure ID#: NQF #0384, PCH-16

NQF Portfolios:

- 2012 MAP Hospice and Palliative Care Family of Measures
- Meaningful Use (MU) Stage 2 Clinical Quality Measures (CQMs)
- Oncology Metrics
- Quality of Life, Functional Status and Health Outcomes

National Quality Strategy Priority: Effective Communication and Care Coordination

Type of Measure: Process

Improvement Noted As: Higher score indicates better quality.

Measure Steward: American Medical Association (AMA), AMA-convened Physician Consortium for Performance Improvement (AMA-PCPI)

Description: Percentage of patient visits, regardless of patient age, with a diagnosis of cancer, currently receiving chemotherapy or radiation therapy in which pain intensity is quantified

NQF #0384 MIF – Denominator

Denominator: All outpatient visits, regardless of patient age, with a diagnosis of cancer, currently receiving chemotherapy or radiation therapy.

Denominator Criteria (Eligible Cases):

Diagnosis for cancer (ICD-10-CM): C00.0, C00.1, C00.2, C00.3, C00.4, C00.5, C00.6, C00.8, C00.9, C01, C02.0, C02.1, C02.2, C02.3, C02.4, C02.8, C02.9, C03.0, C03.1, C03.9,

AND

Patient encounter (for radiation therapy) during the reporting period, CPT: 77427, 77431, 77432, 77435

OR

Patient encounter (office visit) during the reporting period (CPT): 99201, 99202, 99203, 99204, 99205, 99212, 99213, 99214, 99215

WITHOUT

Telehealth Modifier: GQ, GT, 95, POS 02

AND

Patient encounter (administered chemotherapy within 30 days prior to the encounter (office visit) and also been administered chemotherapy within 30 days after the date of the encounter (office visit)) (CPT): 51720, 96401, 96402, 96405, 96406, 96409, 96411, 96413, 96415, 96416, 96417, 96420, 96422, 96423, 96425, 96440, 96446, 96450, 96521, 96522, 96523, 96542, 96549

NQF #0384 MIF – Numerator

Numerator:

Outpatient visits in which pain is assessed and documented no pain present **OR**, if pain is present, it is quantified using a standardized instrument.

Numerator Instructions: Outpatient visits in which pain assessed and documented as no pain present, **OR**, if pain is present, it is quantified using a standardized instrument, such as a 0 to 10 numerical rating scale, visual analog scale, a categorical scale, or the pictorial scale. Examples include the Faces Pain Rating Scale and the Brief Pain Inventory (BPI).

Numerator Options:

Performance Met: Pain severity quantified; pain present (CPT II = 1125F or via chart abstraction)

<u>OR</u>

Performance Met: Pain severity quantified; no pain present (CPT II = 1126F or via chart abstraction)

<u>OR</u>

Performance Not Met: Pain severity not documented, reason not otherwise specified (1125F *with* 8P or via chart abstraction)

NQF #0384 MIF - Rationale

Rationale:

Inadequate cancer pain management is widely prevalent, harmful to the patient and costly. Initial and ongoing pain assessments are essential to ensure proper pain management among patients with cancer. An inadequate assessment of pain is linked to poor pain control. Unrelieved pain has a significant impact on patients' quality of life, denying them comfort and greatly affecting their activities, motivation, and interactions with family and friends. Additionally, there is growing evidence that cancer survival is associated with effective pain management. (National Comprehensive Cancer Network [NCCN], 2016)

NQF #0384 MIF – Clinical Recommendation Statements

Clinical Recommendation Statements:

- All patients must be screened for pain at each contact.
- Pain intensity must be quantified, and quality must be characterized by the patient (whenever possible based on patient communication capacity).
- Comprehensive pain assessment must be performed if new or worsening pain is present and regularly performed for persisting pain.
- Pain assessment is essential with a rating scale but also includes patient reporting of
 qualities of the pain, breakthrough pain, treatments used and their impact on pain,
 patient reporting of adequate comfort, satisfaction with pain relief, provider assessment
 of adequacy of function, and any special issues for the patient relevant to pain
 treatment. If necessary, get additional information for family/caregiver regarding pain
 and impact of function.
- Evaluate the patient for risk factors of opioid misuse. (Category 2A) (NCCN, 2016)

Various methods and tools exist to assess pain severity. Intensity of pain should be quantified using a numerical rating scale (i.e., 0 to 10), visual analog scale, categorical scale, or pictorial scale (e.g., The Faces Pain Rating Scale). (Category 2A) (NCCN, 2016)

NQF #0389

- MIF
 - Denominator definitions updated
 - Very low risk
 - Low risk
 - Rationale updated
- Algorithms
 - Data abstraction table updated

NQF #0389 MIF - Overview

Measure Name: Prostate Cancer: Avoidance of Overuse of Bone Scan for

Staging Low Risk Prostate Cancer Patients

Measure ID#: NQF #0389, PCH-18

NQF Portfolios: MU, MU Stage 2 CQMs, NextGen Certified, Oncology Metrics

National Quality Strategy Priority: Affordable Care

Type of Measure: Process

Improvement Noted As: Higher score indicates better quality

Measure Steward: Physician Consortium for Performance Improvement

Description: Percentage of patients, regardless of age, with a diagnosis of prostate cancer at low (or very low) risk of recurrence receiving interstitial prostate brachytherapy, OR external beam radiotherapy to the prostate, OR radical prostatectomy, OR cryotherapy to the prostate who did not have a bone scan performed at any time since diagnosis of prostate cancer

NQF #0389 MIF – Denominator and Definitions

Denominator: All patients, regardless of age, with a diagnosis of prostate cancer at low (or very low) risk of recurrence receiving interstitial prostate brachytherapy, **OR** external beam radiotherapy to the prostate, **OR** radical prostatectomy, **OR** cryotherapy to the prostate

Definitions:

Very low risk of recurrence of prostate cancer:

- Prostate-specific antigen (PSA) < 10 ng/mL AND
- Gleason score of 6 or less AND
- Clinical stage T1c AND
- Presence of disease in fewer than 3 biopsy cores AND
- ≤ 50% prostate cancer involvement in any core AND
- PSA density < 0.15 ng/mL/g



NQF #0389 MIF — Definitions (continued)

Low risk of recurrence of prostate cancer:

- PSA < 10 ng/mL **AND**
- Gleason score of 6 AND
- Clinical stage T1 to T2a

External beam radiotherapy:

- 3D conformal radiation therapy OR
- Intensity modulated radiation therapy (IMRT) OR
- Stereotactic body radiotherapy (SBRT) OR
- Proton beam therapy

Denominator Criteria (Eligible Cases):

Any male patient, regardless of age **AND**

Diagnosis for prostate cancer: ICD-10-CM = C61 **AND**

Patient encounter during the reporting period, CPT = 55810, 55812, 55815, 55840, 55842, 55845, 55866, 55873, 55875, 77427, 77435, 77772, 77778, or 77799 **AND**

Low (or very low) risk of recurrence, prostate cancer (criteria above or CPT II code = G9706)

NQF #0389 MIF - Rationale

Rationale:

This measure is written as a negative measure, and the performance goal is 100%, consistent with the other measures for this condition. Multiple studies have indicated that a bone scan is not clinically necessary for staging prostate cancer in men with a low (or very low) risk of recurrence and receiving primary therapy. For patients who are categorized as low-risk, bone scans are unlikely to identify their disease. Furthermore, bone scans are not necessary for low-risk patients who have no history or if the clinical examination suggests no bony involvement. Less than 1% of low-risk patients are at risk of metastatic disease.

NQF #0389 – Algorithm

Legend:

D = Included in Denominator

N = Included in Numerator

E = Exduded from Numerator/Denominator

Data Abstraction Table

ICD-10 Prostate Cancer = C61

CPT Codes for Inclusion = 55810, 55812, 55815, 55840, 55842, 55845, 55866, 55873, 55875, 77427, 77435, 77772, 77778, OR 77799

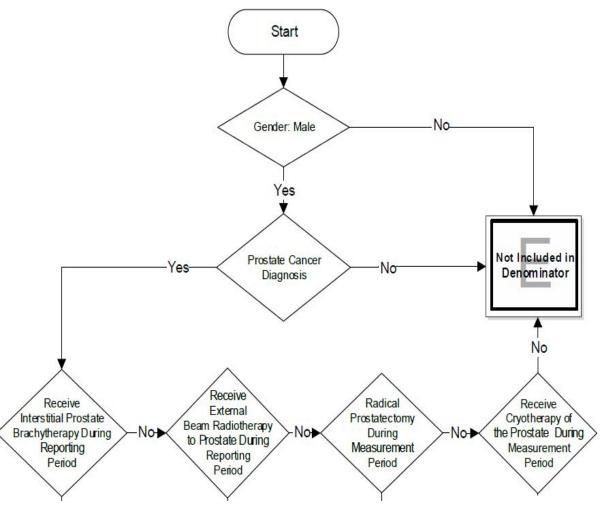
Definitions:

Very low risk of recurrence of prostate cancer:

- PSA < 10 ng/ml; AND
- Gleason score of 6 or less; AND
- Clinical stage T1c; AND
- Presence of disease in fewer than 3 biopsy cores; AND
- ≤ 50% prostate cancer involvement in any core; AND
- PSA density < 0.15 ng/mL/g

Low risk of recurrence of prostate cancer:

- PSA < 10 ng/ml; AND
- . Gleason score of 6; AND
- Clinical stage T1 to T2a



NQF #0390

MIF

- Measure title and description updated
- Denominator updated
 - Definitions
- Numerator updated
- Rationale updated
- Clinical recommendation statements updated
- Algorithms
 - Measure title and description updated
 - Specific language updates

NQF #0390 MIF — Overview and Description

Measure Name: Prostate Cancer: Combination Androgen Deprivation

Therapy for High or Very High Risk Prostate Cancer Patients

Measure ID#: NQF #0390, PCH-17

NQF Portfolio: Oncology Metrics

National Quality Strategy Priority: Effective Communication and

Care Coordination

Type of Measure: Process

Improvement Noted As: Higher score indicates better quality.

Measure Steward: American Urological Association (American Urological

Association Education and Research, [AUAER], Inc.)

Description: Percentage of patients, regardless of age, with a diagnosis of prostate cancer at high or very high risk of recurrence receiving external beam radiotherapy to the prostate who were prescribed androgen deprivation therapy in combination with external beam radiotherapy to the prostate

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NQF #0390 MIF – Denominator

Denominator: All patients, regardless of age, with a diagnosis of prostate cancer at high or very high risk of recurrence receiving external beam radiotherapy to the prostate as primary therapy.

Definitions:

Risk Strata - Very Low, Low, Intermediate, High, or Very High

Very Low Risk – PSA < 10 ng/mL; AND Gleason score 6 or less/Gleason grade group 1; AND clinical stage T1c; AND presence of disease in fewer than 3 biopsy cores; AND ≤ 50% prostate cancer involvement in any core; AND PSA density < 0.15 ng/mL/cm3.

Low Risk – PSA < 10 ng/mL; AND Gleason score 6/Gleason grade group 1; AND clinical stage T1 to T2a.

Intermediate Risk – PSA 10 to 20 ng/mL; OR Gleason score 7/Gleason grade group 2–3; OR clinical stage T2b to T2c.

Note: Patients with multiple adverse factors may be shifted into the high risk category.

High Risk – PSA > 20 ng/mL; OR Gleason score 8 to 10/Gleason grade group 4–5; OR clinically localized stage T3a.

Very High Risk – Clinical stage T3b to T4; OR primary Gleason pattern 5; OR more than 4 cores with Gleason score 8-10/Gleason group 4-5

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NQF #0390 MIF - Numerator

Numerator: Patients who were prescribed androgen deprivation therapy in combination with external beam radiotherapy to the prostate

Prescribed: Includes patients who are currently receiving medication(s) that follow the treatment plan recommended at an encounter during the reporting period, even if the prescription for medication(s) was ordered prior to the encounter (neoadjuvant/concurrent/adjuvant deprivation [ADT])

Performance Met: Androgen deprivation therapy prescribed/administered in combination with external beam radiotherapy to the prostate, CPT II = G9894 or via chart abstraction)

OR

Medical Performance Exclusion (Numerator and Denominator): Documentation of medical reason(s) for not prescribing/administering androgen deprivation therapy in combination with external beam radiotherapy to the prostate (e.g., salvage therapy) (CPT II = G9895 or via chart abstraction)

OR

Patient Performance Exclusion (Numerator and Denominator): Documentation of patient reason(s) for not prescribing/administering androgen deprivation therapy in combination with external beam radiotherapy to the prostate (G9896 or via chart abstraction)

OR

Performance Not Met: Patients who were not prescribed/administered androgen deprivation therapy in combination with external beam radiotherapy to the prostate, reason not given (G9897 or via chart abstraction)

NQF #0390 MIF - Rationale

Rationale:

The use of androgen deprivation therapy in combination with external beam radiotherapy is a well-established standard of care for high-risk prostate cancer patients. Multiple large studies have shown that men who receive androgen deprivation therapy in combination with external beam radiation therapy can live longer and have a lower risk of recurrence than men who receive radiation therapy alone. In addition, a cost-analysis conducted found that the use of androgen deprivation therapy and external beam radiation therapy is cost-effective and adds quality-adjusted life years for patients (Satish et al., 2006).

Data from several sources indicate that, while utilization rates of androgen deprivation therapy and external beam radiation therapy have increased, they still remain suboptimal. One study analyzing the CaPSURE database, a provider-based registry, found that the utilization of androgen deprivation therapy and external beam radiation therapy for high-risk patients has increased to 80% throughout the past two decades, yet utilization rates have plateaued since 2000 (Cooperberg et al., 2008). There is rising concern about under treatment of high-risk prostate cancer patients (Cooperberg, Broering, Caroll, 2010). This suggests greater outreach and education are needed to improve outcomes in care.

NQF #0390 – Algorithm

NQF #0390: Prostate Cancer:

Combination Androgen Deprivation Therapy for High or Very High Risk Prostate Cancer Patients

Measure Description: Percentage of patients, regardless of age, with a diagnosis of prostate cancer at high or very high risk of recurrence, receiving external beam radiotherapy to the prostate who were prescribed androgen deprivation therapy in combination with external beam radiotherapy to the prostate

Numerator Statement: Patients who were prescribed androgen deprivation

were prescribed androgen deprivation therapy in combination with external beam radiotherapy to the prostate

Denominator Statement: All patients, regardless of age, with a diagnosis of prostate cancer at high or very high risk of recurrence receiving external beam radiotherapy to the prostate as primary therapy

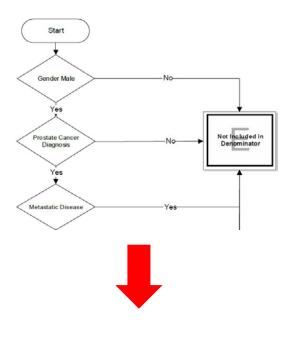
Legend

D = Included in Denominator

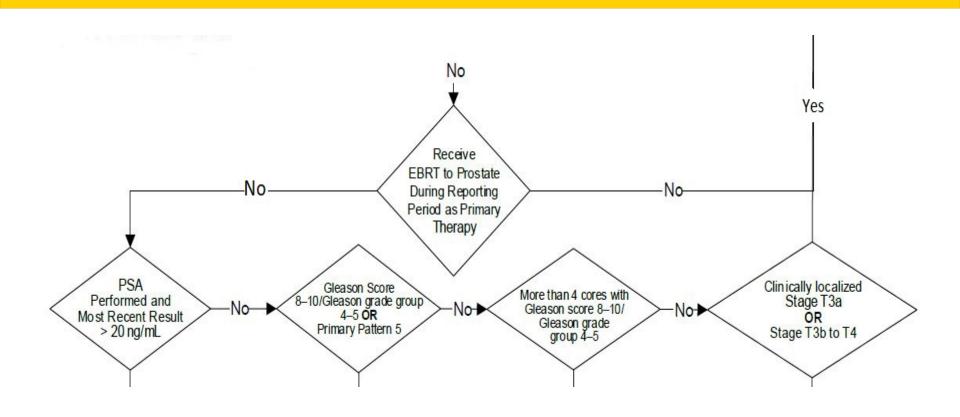
N = Included in Numerator

E = Exduded from Numerator/Denominator

Abstraction Table			
ICD-10 Code for Prostate Cancer	C61		
ICD-10 Codes for Metastatic Cancer	C77.0, C77.1, C77.2, C77.3, C77.4, C77.5, C77.8, C77.9, C78.00, C78.01, C78.02, C78.1, C78.2, C78.30, C78.39, C78.4, C78.5, C78.6, C78.7, C78.80, C78.89, C79.00, C79.01, C79.02, C79.10, C79.11, C79.19, C79.2, C79.31, C79.32, C79.40, C79.49, C79.51, C79.52, C79.60, C79.61, C79.62, C79.70, C79.71, C79.72, C79.81, C79.82, C79.89, C79.9		
CPT® Code for External Beam Radiation Therapy	77427, 77435		
Definition of High Risk of Recurrence of Prostate Cancer	PSA > 20 ng/mL, OR Gleason score 8–10/Gleason grade group 4–5, OR Clinical stage T3a		
Definition of Very High Risk of Recurrence of Prostate Cancer	 Clinical stage T3b to T4, OR Primary Gleason pattern 5, OR More than 4 cores with Gleason score 8–10/Gleason grade group 4–5 		



NQF #0390 - Algorithm (continued)



PCH-25: EBRT for Bone Metastases

- NQF endorsement removed, effective March 22, 2018.
- MIF and algorithms
 - Removed NQF #1822 verbiage, replaced with PCH-25
 - No content updates at this time
- CMS, Hospital Outpatient Quality Reporting (OQR) Program, measure steward, and Hospital Inpatient Value, Incentives, and Quality Reporting (VIQR) Outreach and Education Support Contractor (SC) will continue to collaborate to maintain alignment across programs.

PCH-25 MIF – Overview

Measure Name: External Beam Radiotherapy (EBRT) for

Bone Metastases

Measure ID#: PCH-25

National Quality Strategy Domain: Effective Communication

and Care Coordination

Type of Measure: Process

Improvement Noted As: Higher score indicates better quality

Measure Steward: American Society for Radiation Oncology (ASTRO)

06/28/2018 Acronyms

Where Do I Find PCHQR Resources?

QualityNet

- PCHQR Program Overview page
- PCHQR Program Data Collection page
- PCHQR Program Data Submission page

Quality Reporting Center

Resources and Tools page

PCHQR Program: Updates to PCHQR Program
Manual, Measure Information Forms, and Algorithms

Key Reminders

06/28/2018

<u>Acronyms</u>

Important Upcoming Events and Dates

- Upcoming Webinars Save the Date
 - July 12, 2018
 - o August 23, 2018
- NHSN Agreement to Participate and Consent (link)
 - July 9, 2018 (deadline extended)
- Upcoming Hospital Quality Reporting Data Submissions
 - o July 5, 2018
 - Quarter (Q)1 2018 Hospital Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems (HCAHPS®) Survey data
 - o August 15, 2018
 - Q4 2017 Cancer-Specific Treatment (CST) colon and breast chemo data
 - Q2 2017 CST hormone data
 - Q1 2018 Healthcare-associated infection (HAI) measures data
 - Q1–Q4 2017 OCM and EBRT data
 - o August 31, 2018
 - FY 2019 DACA electronic submission

Important Upcoming Events and Dates (continued)

Key Hospital Compare Refresh Dates

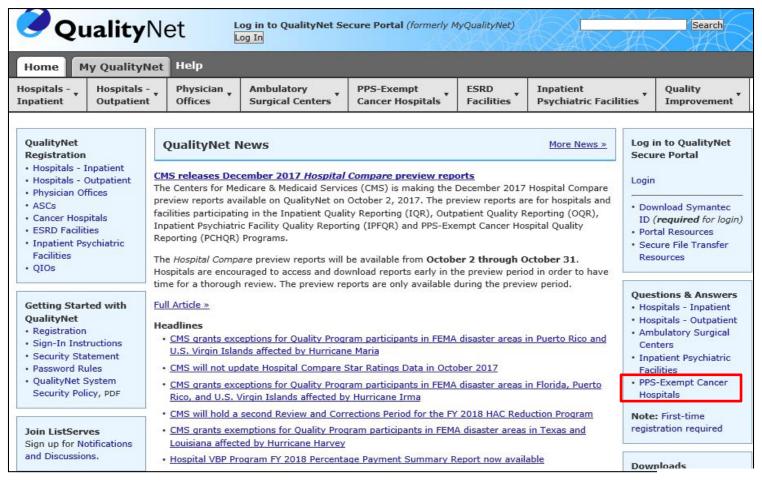
- July 2018
 - Contains:
 - Q2 2016 through Q1 2017 CST colon and breast chemo data
 - Q4 2015 through Q3 2016 CST hormone data
 - Q4 2016 through Q3 2017 HCAHPS Survey data
 - Anticipated refresh is on July 25, 2018.

October 2018

- Contains:
 - Q3 2016 through Q2 2017 CST colon and breast chemo data
 - Q1 2016 through Q4 2016 CST hormone data
 - Q1 2017 through Q4 2017 HCAHPS Survey data
- Preview period is tentatively scheduled for July 27 through August 25, 2018.
- Tentative refresh date is October 31, 2018.

Accessing the *QualityNet* **Questions and Answers Tool**

QualityNet Questions and Answers Tool



Acronyms

Continuing Education Approval

This presentation has been pre-approved for 1.0 continuing education (CE) unit for the following professional boards:

National

Board of Registered Nursing (Provider #16578)

Florida

- Board of Clinical Social Work, Marriage & Family Therapy and Mental Health Counseling
- Board of Nursing Home Administrators
- Board of Dietetics and Nutrition Practice Council
- Board of Pharmacy

Please Note: To verify CE approval for any other state, license, or certification, please check with your licensing or certification board.

CE Credit Process

- Complete the ReadyTalk® survey that will pop up after the webinar, or wait for the survey that will be sent to all registrants within the next 48 hours.
- After completion of the survey, click "Done" at the bottom of the screen.
- Another page will open that asks you to register in the HSAG Learning Management Center.
 - This is a separate registration from ReadyTalk[®].
 - Please use your personal email so you can receive your certificate.

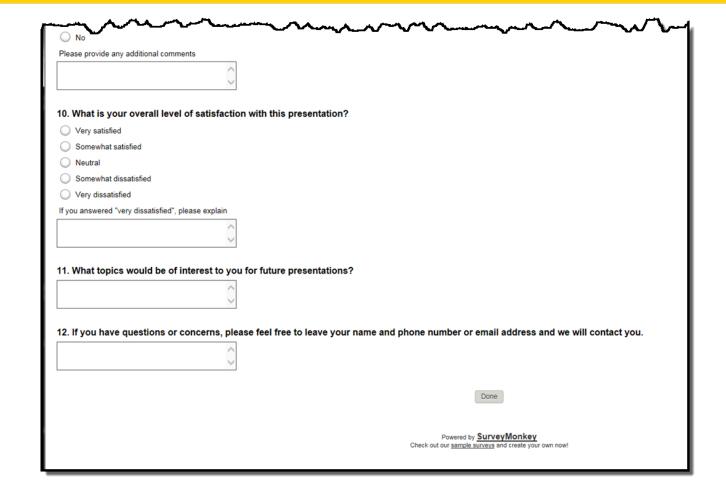
Healthcare facilities have firewalls up that block our certificates.

CE Certificate Problems

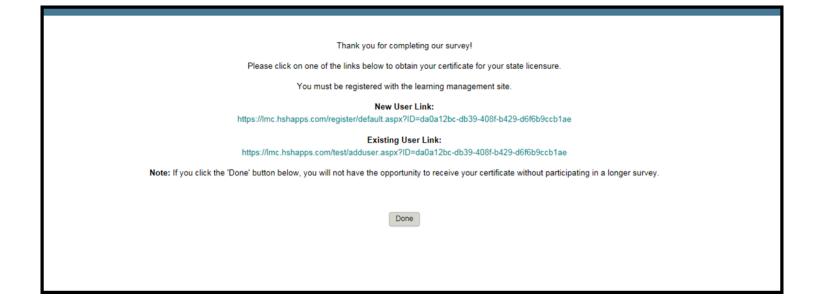
- If you do not immediately receive a response to the email that you signed up with in the Learning Management Center, you have a firewall up that is blocking the link that was sent.
- Please go back to the New User link and register your personal email account.
 - Personal emails do not have firewalls.

*Please download your continuing education certificate for your records. HSAG retains attendance records for four years, not certificates.

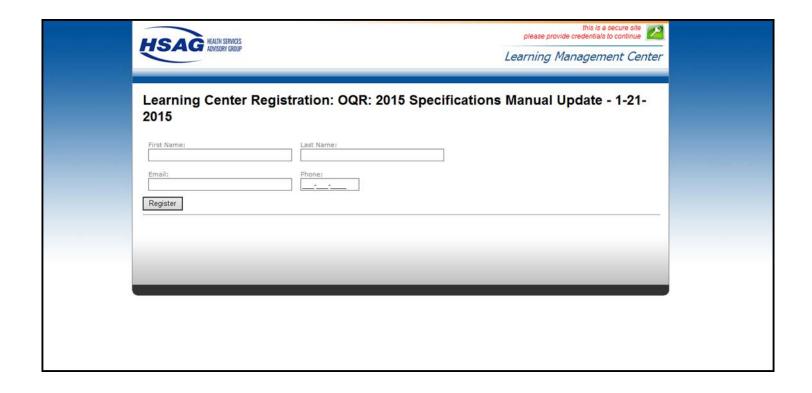
CE Credit Process: Survey



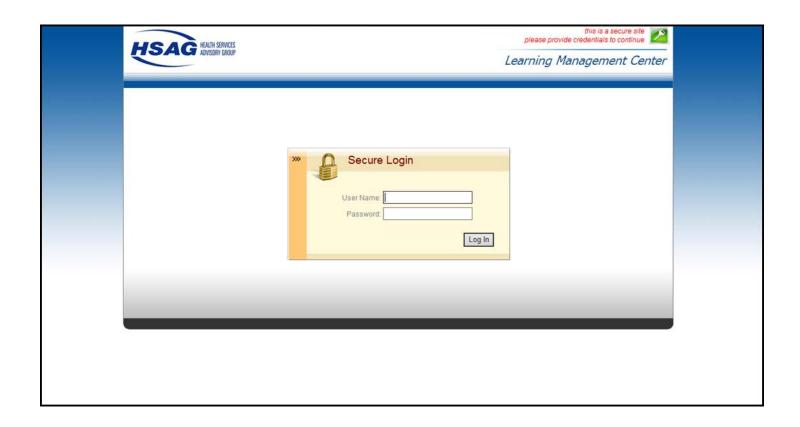
CE Credit Process: Certificate



CE Credit Process: New User



CE Credit Process: Existing User



PCHQR Program: Updates to PCHQR Program
Manual, Measure Information Forms, and Algorithms

Closing Remarks

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